Sampling Procedures
For Copper Meter Resetters with Sampling Stations

1. Remove protective cap from the main sampling valve.
2. Verify that the ball valve on the sampling faucet is in the off position.

NOTE: At this point some operators choose to spray both the male sampling station valve and the female sampling rod key with a chlorine solution. This procedure is not endorsed due to the extreme corrosive nature of chlorine. However, this procedure should not result in damage to the sampling unit as both parts are constructed of brass, stainless steel, rubber, and plastic.

3. ENSURE THE END OF THE SAMPLING ROD MATCHES THE VALVE TYPE ON THE SETTER.
4. Place the female end of the faucet into the male sampling valve and visually bring the rod into correct alignment for coupling.
5. Firmly press down on the rod and rotate clockwise until thread has bottomed out and rod no longer turns easily.
6. Rotate rod counter-clockwise NO MORE THAN ONE ROTATION to obtain a suitable discharge direction.
7. Open ball valve on faucet and flush thoroughly.
8. Slowly throttle the ball valve down to obtain a suitable flow for collecting water sample. Do not turn the valve off prior to collecting the sample. Allow water to continuously flow from initial opening of the valve to completion of sample collection.
9. Collect water sample.
10. Close ball valve and rotate the rod counter-clockwise to disengage rod from coupler.
11. Replace the cap on the sampling station.
12. USE ONLY ON COLD WATER SERVICES.

Repair part note: apply thread locker to brass threads prior to sampling valve being assembled on the base.

IMPORTANT NOTICE - READ CAREFULLY
WARNING: It is unlawful in CALIFORNIA & VERMONT (effective 1/1/2010); MARYLAND (effective 1/1/2012); LOUISIANA (effective 1/1/2013) and the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (effective 1/4/2014) to use any product in the installation or repair of any public water system or any plumbing in a facility or system that provides water for human consumption if the wetted surface area of the product has a weighted average lead content greater than 0.25%. This prohibition does not extend to service saddles used in California, Louisiana or under USA Public Law 111-380.

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